Walk through Combinatorics: homework $\#5^*$ Due 19 November 2012 Due 20 November 2012

Collaboration and use of external sources are permitted, but discouraged, and must be fully acknowledged and cited. Collaboration may involve only discussion; all the writing must be done individually.

The number of points for each problem is specified in brackets. The problems appear in no special order.

 [2] Recall that a d-cube is a set of the form x₀ + {0, x₁} + ··· + {0, x_d}. A d-cube is proper if it contains 2^d elements. Show that for each integer d ≥ 2 there is a set A ⊂ [n] that contains no proper d-cube, and is of size

$$|A| \ge \frac{1}{2}n^{1-d/(2^d-1)}.$$

- 2. [1+1] In both problems below, A is a set of n positive real numbers.
 - (a) Suppose $\vec{t} = (t_1, \ldots, t_m) \in \mathbb{Z}^m$ is an integer vector such that $t_1 + \cdots + t_m \neq 0$. Call a set $B \vec{t}$ -free if there are no $b_1, \cdots, b_m \in B$ satisfying

$$t_1b_1 + \dots + t_mb_m = 0.$$

Show that there is a constant c > 0 (depending only on t's) so that A contains a \vec{t} -free set B of size at least cn.

- (b) Show that A contains a (1, 1, -1)-free subset of *strictly* more than n/3 elements.
- 3. [1+1] Let G be a directed graph on n vertices of minimum outdegree d.

^{*}This homework is from http://www.borisbukh.org/DiscreteMath12/hw5.pdf.

- (a) Show that if $d > \log_2 n$, then G contains a simple even cycle.
- (b) Show that if $d > \log_2 n \frac{1}{10} \log_2 \log_2 n$, and *n* is large enough, then *G* contains a simple even cycle.
- 4. [1] Consider the random graph G(n, p), and denote by E the event that the minimum degree is at least 2. Find a function t(n) such that
 - if p = o(t(n)), then $\Pr[E] \to 0$; and
 - if p = w(t(n)), then $\Pr[E] \to 1$.
- 5. [2] Show that there is a positive constant c such that the following holds. Suppose a_1, \ldots, a_n are n real numbers satisfying $\sum_{i=1}^n a_i^2 = 1$, and $\epsilon_1, \ldots, \epsilon_n \in \{-1, +1\}$ are uniformly and independently chosen signs. Show that

$$\Pr\left[\left|\sum_{i=1}^{n} \epsilon_{i} a_{i}\right| \leq 1\right] \geq c.$$

In your solution the constant c must be explicit, but not necessarily the best possible.

- 6. [1+(2 extra credit)] Suppose k is a positive integer. Let G = (V, E) be a cycle of length kn and let $V = V_1 \cup \cdots \cup V_n$ be a partition of its kn vertices into n pairwise disjoint subsets, each of cardinality k.
 - (a) Show that if k = 1000, then there is an independent set in G containing precisely one vertex from each V_i .
 - (b) Does (a) remain true if k = 4?