Algebraic Structures: homework $#3^*$ Due 6 February 2023, at 9am

Collaboration and use of external sources are permitted, but must be fully acknowledged and cited. You will get most out of the problems if you tackle them on your own. Collaboration may involve only discussion; all the writing must be done individually.

- 1. Let p be a prime and n is a positive integer. Suppose that G is a group of order p^n . Show that G contains an element of order p. [We did the n = 1 case in class. Trying the n = 2 case is a good start.]
- 2. Let A be the set consisting of all elements $g \in GL_2(\mathbb{R})$ satisfying $|g| < \infty$.
 - (a) Is A finite?
 - (b) Is A a subgroup of $GL_2(\mathbb{R})$?

Justify. [Conjugation is your friend.]

- 3. Suppose no prime divides all three of $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$. Prove that there are $r, s, t \in \mathbb{Z}$ such that ra + sb + tc = 1.
- 4. For purposes of this problem, a *Droste group* is a group containing a proper subgroup isomorphic to itself.
 - (a) Give an example of an abelian Droste group.
 - (b) Give an example of a non-abelian Droste group.

In both cases, you should write down the isomorphism.

[The name comes from the eponymous art effect. A cool example is at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9WHdyG9mJaI. For the math behind it, see https://www.ams.org/notices/200304/fea-escher.pdf]

- 5. Let $H \leq G$, and $g \in G$.
 - (a) Prove that if the left cos t gH is equal to some right cos t of H, then it is in fact equal to Hg.
 - (b) Prove that if gH = Hg, then $g^2H = Hg^2$.

^{*}This homework is from http://www.borisbukh.org/AlgebraicStructures23/hw3.pdf.